Review Of The Literature On The Impact Of Music On Working Memory In Elderly People.

Fereshteh Bagheri

Department of Audiology, School of Rehabilitation Sciences, Babol University of Medical Sciences, Mazandaran, Iran.

Corresponding Author:

Fereshteh Bagheri, Department of Audiology, School of Rehabilitation Sciences, Babol University of Medical Sciences, Mazandaran, Iran.

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Abstract

Working memory in older persons is declining, which in turn causes a deterioration in cognitive abilities. Therefore, performing the best working memory restoration technique is crucial for older individuals' wellbeing. In this research, we review the effects of music on working memory in older individuals and discuss the function of working memory in the central auditory system. Using the search terms music, working memory, ageing, and central auditory processing disorder, researchers were able to find the articles that would make up this review by searching the databases PubMed, Scopus, and Google Scholar. Only articles written in the English language and published between the years 1981 and 2020 were included in the literature search. The majority of elderly persons have reduced abilities related to central auditory processing, such as speech in noise perception. A quick diagnosis It is crucial for older persons to practise music therapy and be aware of central auditory processing dysfunction.

Keywords:

Music, Working memory, Central Auditory Processing Disorder, Aging

Introduction

The number of senior individuals is rising worldwide, and ageing is becoming a more problematic condition for mental health [1]. In 2050, there will likely be 2.1 billion older individuals (those over the age of 60).

Our mission must be to research effective prevention and treatment protocols in order to create good living conditions and increase independence in old age [4-6]. Aging is associated with age-related changes in function of various parts of the body, such as the cognitive system, which lead to limited social activity, loneliness, and physical weakness [2,3].

Working memory (WM), whose function changes with ageing, is one of the major complaints in the ageing population related to memory

loss and a significant portion of issues in the memory system [7,8]. WM decline is a natural part of ageing and occurs in healthy older persons, therefore it is unrelated to having or not having a neurologic condition [9,10].

However, aged people with WM decline run the risk of acquiring neurodegenerative disorders like Alzheimer disease and moderate cognitive impairment (MCI) [11,12]. Although WM decrease in older adults who are in good health might have a detrimental impact on life performance and increasing reliance, these effects are much more pronounced in elderly people who have neurodegenerative diseases [13,14].

This study's objective is to Point out the significance of the WM's role in elderly people's daily activities and think about the best strategy for minimising the effects of WM capacity decline with age.

Method

103 possibly eligible articles out of 288 primary articles were examined. The databases of PubMed, Medline, Scopus, Google Scholar, and Scientific Information Database were searched for relevant articles using the search terms "music," "working memory," "ageing," and "central auditory processing dysfunction." We took into account aspects of working memory, such as ageing. English-language literature from the years 1981 to 2020 was the only literature that could be found. The procedure for choosing studies according to the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA).

Conclusion

In tasks requiring core auditory processing, such as voice perception in noisy settings, musicians have demonstrated superior performance. And one of the abilities required for hearing speech over noise is working memory. As a result, this review can probably help us set up programmes to improve speech perception in older adults with central auditory processing disorders and also, evaluate the central auditory system such as SIN perception is very important in older adults. This is because working memory plays a key role in central auditory processing, and we also understand the positive effects of music on working memory.

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